

## 1 PLEASE TAKE YOUR SEAT & COPY into JC TAB

- Title: What are we reading?
- DBG Bk 1 Ch 1
- DBG = “De Bello Gallico” --> which means “About the Gallic War”
- DBG has 8 books (this week we will read Book 1 Chapter 1)
- Written by Julius Caesar during his conquest of Gaul (58 B.C. - 50 B.C.)

## 2 DBG Bk 1 Ch 1

- Part A (Gallia est to Sequana dividit)

## 3

- Gallia est omnis divisa in partes tres, quarum unam incolunt Belgae, aliam Aquitani...
- Gaul is all divided into three parts, of which one (part) the Belgae inhabit, another (part) the Aquitanians...
- Gallia -NOM SG SUBJ
- est - 3RD SG PRES ACT INDIC
- omnis dīvīsa - NOM SG PRED
- in partēs trēs, - ACC PL W/ PREP
- quārum - GEN PL POSS
- ūnam - ACC SG DIR OBJ
- incolunt - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC
- Belgae, - NOM PL SUBJ of incolunt
- aliam - ACC SG DIR OBJ
- Aquītānī - NOM PL of incolunt

## 4

- tertiam eī quī ipsōrum linguā Celtae, nostrā Gallī appellantur.
- the third (part) those who are called Celts in their own tongue, Gauls in our (tongue).
  - tertiam - ACC SG DIR OBJ
  - eī quī - NOM PL SUBJ
  - ipsōrum - GEN PL POSS

- linguâ - ABL SG MEANS
- Celtae, - NOM PL PRED of appellantur
- nostrâ - ABL SG MEANS
- Gallî - NOM PL PRED of appellantur
- appellantur. - 3RD PL PRES PASS INDIC

5 

- Hi omnes lingua institutis legibus inter se differunt.
- All these (people) differ from one another in language, in customs and laws.
- Hi omnes - NOM PL SUJB of differunt
- lingua - ABL SG RESPECT
- institutis - ABL PL RESPECT
- legibus - ABL PL RESPECT
- inter se - ACC PL W. PREP
  - (se is reflexive --> =reflects back to subject!
- differunt - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC
- What problems might these differences present for the Gauls and for Caesar? Miscommunication, misunderstandings --> lead to fighting

6 

- Gallôs ab Aquîtânîs Garunna flûmen dividit, â Belgîs Matrôna et Sêquana dîvidit.
- The Garunna [Garonne] River divides the Gauls from the Aquitanians, the Matrôna [Marne] and the Sequana [Seine] divide the Gauls from the Belgae.
  - Gallos = ACC PL DIR OBJ
  - ab Aquitanis = ABL PL PLACE FROM WHICH/SEPARATION
  - Garunna flumen = NOM SG SUBJ of dividit
  - a Belgis = ABL PL PLACE FROM WHICH/SEPARATION
  - Matrôna et Sequana (flumen) = NOM SG SUBJ of dividit
  - dividit = 3RD SG PRES ACT INDIC

## 7 DBG Bk 1 Ch 1

- Part B (Horum omnium to important)

## 8

- Hôrum omnium fortissimî sunt Belgae, proptereâ quod â cultû atque hûmânîtâte Provinciae longissimê absunt...
- Of all these the bravest are the Belgae, because they are the farthest away from the way of living and culture of the (Roman) Province...
  - Hôrum omnium - GEN PL PARTITIVE
  - fortissimî- NOM PL SUBJ
  - sunt - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC
  - Belgae - NOM PL PREDICATE
  - proptereâ quod - BECAUSE
  - â cultû atque hûmânîtâte - ABL SG PLACE FROM WHICH/SEPARATION
  - Provinciae - GEN SG POSS
  - longissimê - ADV "VERY FAR"
  - absunt - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC

## 9

- minimêque saepe mercâtôrês ad eôs veniunt atque ea quae ad effeminandôs animôs pertinent important.
- and merchants come to them least often and bring in those things which pertain to softening the spirits.
  - -que = AND // minimê = LEAST // saepe = OFTEN
  - mercâtôrês - NOM PL SUBJ
  - ad eôs - ACC PL PLACE TO WHICH
  - veniunt - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC
  - atque - AND
  - ea - ACC PL DIR OBJ of important
  - quae - ACC PL DIR OBJ of pertinent
  - ad effeminandôs animôs - ad + gerundive to express purpose (gerundive effeminandos)

- pertinent AND important = 3rd PL PRES ACT INDICN

## 10 **DBG Bk 1 Ch 1**

- Part C (Proximi to finibus bellum gerunt)

## 11

- Proximî sunt Germânîs, quî trâns Rhênum incolunt, quibuscum semper bellum gerunt.
- They are closest/nearest to the Germans, who live across the Rhine (River), (and) with whom they always wage war.
  - Proximî - NOM PL
  - sunt - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC
  - Germânîs, - DAT PL (w. proximis)
  - quî - NOM PL
  - trâns Rhênum - ACC SG
  - incolunt, - 3rd pl PRES ACT INDIC
  - quibuscum = cum quibus = ABL PL
  - bellum - ACC SG
  - gerunt. - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC

## 12

- Quâ dê causâ Helvetiî quoque reliquôs Gallôs virtûte superant, quod ferê cotidiânîs proeliîs cum Germânîs contendunt...
- For which reason the Helvetians also overcome the remaining Gauls in courage, because they struggle in almost daily battles with the Germans.
  - Dê quâ causâ - ABL SG
  - Helvetiî - NOM PL SUBJ
  - reliquôs Gallôs - ACC PL DIR OBJ
  - virtûte - ABL SG RESPECT
  - superant - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC
  - cotidianis proeliis - ABL PL TIME WHEN
  - cum Germanis - ABL PL ACCOMPANIMENT

- contendunt - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC

13 

- cum aut suis finibus eos prohibent aut ipsi in eorum finibus bellum gerunt.
- since they (the Helvetians) either keep them (the Germans) from their own (Helvetian) territory or they themselves (the Helvs) carry on war in their (German) territory.
  - cum - CONJ = “since” // aut...aut - either... or
  - suis finibus - ABL PL
    - suis is referring to the Helvetians
  - eos - (comes from is, ea, id) - ACC PL
    - referring to the Germans
  - prohibent - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC
    - (Helvetians are the subject)
  - ipsi - NOM PL
    - (referring to the Helvetians)
  - in finibus - ABL PL
    - eorum - GEN PL (Germans)
  - bellum - ACC SG // gerunt. - 3RD PL PRES ACT INDIC

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- BEGIN HW
  - QUESTIONS Textbook p 241 #1-2
  - QUESTIONS Workbook p 141 #1-4