Latin 1 - Mix Nomen: _____ Week of March 16, 2015

De Bello Gallico Book 1 Chapter 4 (page 248 in LFA II) **ANALYSIS**

1 **A**. Ea rēs est Helvetiīs ēnuntiāta. Mōribus suīs Orgetorīgem ex vinculīs causam dīcere coēgērunt. **B.** Eum damnātum oportēbat ignī cremarī. Diē cōnstitutā Orgetorīx ad iūdicium omnem suam familiam, ad hominum mīlia decem, undique coēgit **C.** et omnēs clientēs suōs, quōrum magnum numerum

5 habēbat, eōdem cōndūxit; per eōs, nē causam dīceret, sē eripuit. **D.** Cum civitās ob eam rem incitāta armīs iūs suum exsequī cōnārētur, multitūdinemque hominum ex agrīs magistratūs cōgerent, Orgetorīx mortuus est. **E.** Helvetiī autem arbitrantur ipsum sē interfēcisse.

Ea rēs "this matter"; i.e. Orgetorix's conspiracy
est….ēnūntiāta = ēnūntiāta est —> perf. pass. indic
mōribus suīs "according to their customs"
ex vinculīs *ex* denotes a source of action (separation)
causam dīcere: "to plead (his) case" idiom
eum…**damnātum** "that he (if) condemned" PPP is conditional
oportēbat "it was necessary" impersonal verb
ignī ablative of means 3rd i-stem decl. noun
diē cōnstitūtā abl. of time when
ad…mīlia decem "around" or "up to" or "nearly" throughout this passage
coēgit "gathered" from *cōgō* (subject is O*rgetorix*)
eōdem "in the same (place)" abl. place where
nē…dīceret "so that…might not" negative purpose
cum…conārētur…cōgerent "after…"; *cum* clause with two impf. subjunctives
exsequī pres. deponent infin. of *exsequor*
ob eam rem "on account of this matter"
mortuus est "died" perf. deponent indic of *morior*
ipsum se interfecisse ind. statement

TRANSLATION